

Movement of two inequalities in Indian cities

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Abstract

This study recommends the use of Theil's second measure to investigate inequality in energy intensities and economic inequalities. This index permits disparities to be broken down within and between groups of countries in a reliable style. An analysis of 139 Indian cities for 2001-2013 shows some basic points: first, drop in energy intensity and rise in economic disparities are attributable both to within-group and between-group inequality components; second, between-group inequalities are presently the key contributor to the inequality. These movements can prove to be critical for attaining the sustainable development objective contained by inclusive growth framework.